



S-26 SMA STEP 1 & 2

TODDLERHOOD

PRODUCT

Infant formula S-26 SMA Step 1 and S-26 SMA Step 2 contains the following nutrients: Sphingomyelin, 2'-FL is an oligosaccharide that is derived from lactose, DHA and AA, Choline, Lutein as a predominant macular pigment in the retina that is able to filter blue light and helps to protect the eyes, Oligofructose (prebiotic) helps increase intestinal bifidobacteria and helps maintain a good intestinal environment.

S-26 SMA STEP 1 & 2 Products



Available in 550g, 850g

Lazada Shopee

S-26 SMA STEP 1

Infant formula S-26 SMA Step 1 contains the following nutrients:

- Sphingomyelin
- 2'-FL is an oligosaccharide that is derived from lactose
- DHA and AA
- Choline
- Lutein as a predominant macular pigment in the retina that is able to filter blue light and helps to protect the eyes
- Oligofructose (prebiotic) helps increase intestinal bifidobacteria and helps maintain a good intestinal environment









S-26 SMA STEP 1 NUTRITIONAL FACTS

Serving Size: 32g		Serving Per Pack:		
Average Composition		Per 100g	Per Serving (100ml)*	
Energy	Kcal	505	66	
Fat	g	27.5	3.6	
Monounsaturated Fatty Acids	g	6.9	0.9	
Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids	g	5.2	0.7	
Docosahexaenoic Acid	mg	99.0	13.0	
Arachidonic Acid	mg	102.0	13.4	
Linoleic Acid	g	3200	419	
α-Linolenic Acid	mg	307	40.2	
Saturated Fatty Acids	g	13.8	1.8	
Trans Fatty Acids	g	0.4	0.1	
Phospholipids	mg	318	42	
Sphingomyelin	mg	65.1	8.5	
Protein	g	10.9	1.4	
Whey	g	7.1	0.9	
Casein	g	3.8	0.5	
Carbohydrate	g	51.5	6.7	
Total Sugars	g	51.5	6.7	
Lactose	g	51.5	6.7	
Dietary Fibre (Oligofructose)	g	3.8	0.5	
2'-Fucosyllactose (2'-FL)	mg	194	25.4	
Nucleotides	mg	16.1	2.1	
CMP	mg	8.1	1.1	
UMP	mg	3.1	0.4	
AMP	mg	2.5	0.3	
GMP	mg	1.2	0.2	

IMP	mg	1.2	0.2
Lutein	μg	86	11
Sodium	mg	143	19
Potassium	mg	416	54
Chloride	mg	286	37
Calcium	mg	257	34
Phosphorus	mg	129	17
Magnesium	mg	31	4
Selenium	μg	10.4	1.4
Vitamin A	μg RE	385	50
Vitamin D	μg	6.2	8.0
Vitamin E	mg TE	3.2	0.4
Vitamin K	μg	41.5	5.4
Vitamin C	mg	56.7	7.4
Vitamin B1	μg	620	81
Vitamin B2	μg	682	89
Niacin	μg	3100	406
Vitamin B6	μg	341	45
Folic Acid	μg	136	18
Pantothenic Acid (Vitamin B5)	μg	2170	284
Vitamin B12	μg	4.3	0.6
Biotin	μg	12.4	1.6
Choline	mg	124	16.2
Myo-inositol	mg	27.9	3.7
Taurine	mg	36.4	4.8
L-Carnitine	mg	6.2	8.0
Iron	mg	6.2	8.0
lodine	μg	52	7
Copper	μg	313	41
Zinc	mg	3.7	0.5

^{*}One serving (100 ml) = 3 scoops (13.1 g) powder + 90 ml water

HOW TO PREPARE S-26 SMA STEP 1

WARNING: Water and bottles that are not boiled, or incorrect dilution methods, can make your baby sick. Improper storage, handling, preparation, and feeding can cause adverse effects on your baby.

Preparation Instructions:

- 1. Place the cleaned feeding bottle and its accessories into the water. Ensure the bottle and its accessories are fully submerged so that no air bubbles are trapped.
- 2. Cover the pot with a lid. Heat the water until it boils. Ensure the water does not boil dry.
- 3. Wash your hands with soap and water, and dry them with a clean cloth or kitchen towel.
- 4. Read the instructions on the formula milk label to determine the required amount of water and formula. Using more or less formula than the recommended amount on the label may cause the baby to become ill.
- 5. Pour the boiling water in the correct amount into the cleaned and sterilized feeding bottle. The water temperature for preparing formula milk should not be less than 70°C. For home preparation, this temperature can be achieved by allowing boiled water to cool at room temperature for no more than 30 minutes. If using a thermometer, use a clean and sterilized mercury-free thermometer. Be careful to avoid burns. *The water temperature may vary depending on the preparation method for each formula milk.
- 6. Add the correct amount of formula milk into the feeding bottle containing the previously prepared water. Shake the bottle to ensure the milk and water are thoroughly mixed.
- 7. Lower the temperature of the milk by holding the feeding bottle under running tap water or placing it in a container of cool/ice water. To prevent contamination of the milk mixture, ensure the water level used to cool the milk does not exceed the bottle cap level.
- 8. Check the milk temperature by dripping a little onto your wrist. The milk should be warm and not hot. If the milk still feels hot, cool it further before giving it to the baby.
 - 9) Discard any leftover milk or milk that has been exposed to air for more than two hours.

FEEDING GUIDE (REFER TABLE)

WARNING: Prepare only one bottle for each feeding. Feed immediately and follow the instructions carefully.

Do not store leftover milk; discard any unused portions. Always hold your baby during feeding.

Do not leave your baby unattended, as it may cause choking. As your baby grows, replace the bottle with a cup.

One scoop = 4.37 grams.

Mix 1 scoop of S-26® SMA® Step 1 infant formula in 30 ml of water.

Use only the provided scoop. Your baby may lose excess water or not receive the proper nutrients if the formula is used in amounts greater or less than specified. Do not adjust the ratio without advice from a healthcare professional.

From 6 months of age, babies should be given complementary foods. Please consult

your healthcare professional for advice on your baby's nutrition. Store in a cool, dry place before and after opening. Close the pack tightly after each use. Use within 4 weeks after opening. Avoid prolonged storage in high temperatures.

On average, full-term babies weighing 2.5 kg or more require 150 ml of milk per kg of body weight per day. The actual amount for each feeding may vary. Please consult your healthcare professional for advice on your baby's needs.



Available in 550g, 850g

Lazada Shopee

S-26 SMA STEP 2

Follow-up formula S-26 SMA Step 2 contains the following nutrients:

- Sphingomyelin
- 2'-FL is an oligosaccharide that is derived from lactose
- DHA and AA
- Choline
- Lutein as a predominant macular pigment in the retina that is able to filter blue light and helps to protect the eyes
- Oligofructose (prebiotic) helps increase intestinal bifidobacteria and helps maintain a good intestinal environment









S-26 SMA STEP 2 NUTRITIONAL FACTS

Serving Size: 32g		Serving Per Pack:	
Average Composition		Per 100g	Per Serving (133ml)*
Energy	Kcal	428	89
Fat	g	21.3	4.0
Monounsaturated Fatty Acids	g	7.0	1.3
Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids	g	4.3	8.0
Docosahexaenoic Acid	mg	79.8	15.0
Arachidonic Acid	mg	79.8	15.0
Trans Fatty Acids	g	0.4	0.1
Phospholipids	mg	213	40
Sphingomyelin	mg	42.6	8.0
Protein	g	15.1	2.8
Whey	g	6.0	1.1
Casein	g	9.1	1.7
Carbohydrate	g	53.9	11.3
Total Sugars	g	53.9	11.3
Lactose	g	53.9	11.3
Dietary Fibre (Oligofructose)	g	3.5	0.7
2'-Fucosyllactose (2'-FL)	mg	177	15.2
Nucleotides	mg	18.0	3.4
CMP	mg	8.8	1.7
UMP	mg	3.5	0.7
AMP	mg	2.8	0.5
GMP	mg	1.4	0.3
IMP	mg	1.4	0.3
Lutein	μg	143	27
Sodium	mg	237	45

Potassium	mg	638	120
Chloride	mg	420	79
Calcium	mg	500	94
Phosphorus	mg	310	58
Magnesium	mg	54	10
Selenium	mg	12.4	2.3
Manganese	μg	248	47
Vitamin A	μg RE	435	82
Vitamin D	μg	7.8	1.5
Vitamin E	mg TE	5.0	0.9
Vitamin K	μg	24.1	4.5
Vitamin C	mg	60.3	11.3
Vitamin B1	mg	0.4	0.1
Vitamin B2	mg	1.0	0.2
Niacin	mg	2.8	0.5
Vitamin B6	μg	0.3	0.1
Folic Acid	μg	56.7	10.7
Pantothenic Acid (Vitamin B5)	mg	2.5	0.5
Vitamin B12	μg	1.4	0.3
Biotin	μg	9.2	1.7
Choline	mg	142	26.7
Inositol	mg	31.5	5.9
Taurine	mg	33.3	6.3
Iron	mg	8.5	1.6
lodine	μg	48.0	9.0
Copper	μg	286	54
Zinc	mg	3.0	0.6

^{*} One serving (133ml) = 4 scoops (18.8g) powder + 120ml water

HOW TO PREPARE S-26 SMA STEP 2

WARNING: Water and bottles that are not boiled, or incorrect dilution methods, can make your baby sick. Improper storage, handling, preparation, and feeding can cause adverse effects on your baby.

Preparation Instructions:

1. Place the cleaned feeding bottle and its accessories into the water. Ensure the bottle and its accessories are fully submerged so that no air bubbles are

- trapped.
- 2. Cover the pot with a lid. Heat the water until it boils. Ensure the water does not boil dry.
- 3. Wash your hands with soap and water, and dry them with a clean cloth or kitchen towel.
- 4. Read the instructions on the formula milk label to determine the required amount of water and formula. Using more or less formula than the recommended amount on the label may cause the baby to become ill.
- 5. Pour the boiling water in the correct amount into the cleaned and sterilized feeding bottle. The water temperature for preparing formula milk should not be less than 70°C. For home preparation, this temperature can be achieved by allowing boiled water to cool at room temperature for no more than 30 minutes. If using a thermometer, use a clean and sterilized mercury-free thermometer. Be careful to avoid burns. *The water temperature may vary depending on the preparation method for each formula milk.
- 6. Add the correct amount of formula milk into the feeding bottle containing the previously prepared water. Shake the bottle to ensure the milk and water are thoroughly mixed.
- 7. Lower the temperature of the milk by holding the feeding bottle under running tap water or placing it in a container of cool/ice water. To prevent contamination of the milk mixture, ensure the water level used to cool the milk does not exceed the bottle cap level.
- 8. Check the milk temperature by dripping a little onto your wrist. The milk should be warm and not hot. If the milk still feels hot, cool it further before giving it to the baby.
- 9. Discard any leftover milk or milk that has been exposed to air for more than two hours.

FEEDING GUIDE (REFER TABLE)

WARNING: Prepare only one bottle for each feeding. Feed immediately and follow the instructions carefully.

Do not store leftover milk; discard any unused portions. Always hold your baby during feeding.

Do not leave your baby unattended, as it may cause choking. As your baby grows, replace the bottle with a cup.

One scoop = 4.7 grams.

Mix 1 scoop of S-26 $\ SMA \ Step 2$ follow-up formula in 30 ml of water.

Use only the provided scoop. Your baby may lose excess water or not receive the proper nutrients if the formula is used in amounts greater or less than specified. Do not adjust the ratio without advice from a healthcare professional.

Close the tin tightly after each use and store it in a cool, dry place. Use within 4 weeks after opening. Avoid prolonged storage in high temperatures. Do not store an opened tin in the refrigerator.

Complementary foods should be introduced to babies starting at 6 months of age.

Please consult a healthcare professional regarding your baby's nutritional needs.

Close bag and store it in a cool and dry place. Use within 4 weeks of opening.

Avoid prolonged storage at excessive temperatures.